

LAST EDITION.
SAVED IN A GALE.

Eighty People from the Foundry, and Iowa Arrive on the Chester.

Fatal Collision of the Ship with a Big Ice Field.

The Iowa Left in a Sinking Condition—The Rescue.

The oil-tank steamer Chester, which rescued the shipwrecked freighter Iowa, which was abandoned at sea last week ago yesterday, arrived in port early this morning.

She reached New York at 6.30 A. M., and an hour later had dropped anchor off Tompkinsville, where she was met by the tugboat, and then towed to the city.

She was the last of the Chester, which left New York on Feb. 17, with 42 head of cattle on board and eighty souls, including crew and passengers.

About 6 o'clock Saturday afternoon we first encountered masses of floating, sloppy ice, which compelled us to proceed very slowly.

Occasionally there would be clear spots, and then we would proceed rapidly.

About 7 o'clock the ice grew thicker and we began to "pack it," and it was almost impossible to make any headway.

"At midnight the ship began to settle down by the head, and an examination showed that she had a big hole stove in her port bow and a small one on the starboard side.

"She began to leak rapidly and the pumps were manned. Neither the deck nor the engine pumps were of any effect, however, and at 7 o'clock Sunday morning we were glad to sight the Chester, which responded at once to our signals for aid.

"This was in latitude 46.29 north, longitude 46.54 west, and by noon we had all taken to the boats and were safely transferred to the Chester.

In addition to the crew, we brought away with us the ship's dog, the matron's cat and a seventeen-year-old stowaway named Michael Crummen, of Liverpool.

"We abandoned all the cattle and cargo, but killed about forty head on the starboard side and threw them overboard, hoping that the vessel would float herself.

"When we last saw her she was listed to port and was taking rapidly.

"We experienced no hardships, but the Chester had to stop Monday and get provisions from the steamship Dominion, bound East from Portland.

AUGUST ELBOGEN INDICTED.

The Grand Jury Find a True Bill on the Kidnapping Charge.

Four More Girls Turn Up as Witnesses Against Him.

August Elbogen, the dramatic agent, of 32 East Fourth street, was indicted by the Grand Jury this afternoon on a charge of kidnapping.

It was the first case taken up by the Grand Jury sworn in this morning by Judge Fitzgerald, of the General Sessions.

Elbogen, who is now in the Tombs in default of \$5,000 bail, will be arraigned before Judge Fitzgerald in Part I, General Sessions, tomorrow morning to answer the indictment.

The real character of Elbogen's alleged crime is that of procuring out-of-town engagements for would-be actresses, and in reality, it is charged, they were sent to houses of questionable character.

The complaint submitted to the Grand Jury was that of Jenny Reckwick, of 148 West Tenth street, the young girl whose evidence led to Elbogen's arrest.

Detectives Kelly and Van Gerichten arrested Elbogen Saturday on Jenny Reckwick's charge, and since then four young women have turned up who also say they were made victims by Elbogen.

For the past eight years Elbogen has been a theatrical agent at 32 East Fourth street. He is about forty-five years old and an Austrian.

In her midday Jenny Reckwick stated that on Jan. 26 she saw an advertisement in a morning paper calling for young girls to sing in a chorus at a theatre in New Orleans.

Miss Reckwick called on Elbogen at his office in accordance with the given directions. He told her that young ladies were wanted to act and sing at the Royal Palace and Edith theatre in the French city, at a salary of \$12 per week with 10 per cent. on all the wine they sold.

The Reckwick girl is seventeen years old, and as her mother is dead she accepted the engagement, and since then she has been making suppers of their surroundings the second day after their arrival, and left the party. Finally, Feb. 2, at a week's experience, the Reckwick girl told her story to a detective, who took her to the police.

Lillie Miller and Irma Daniel are now lodged in the Tombs. The latter is the daughter of Mrs. Weston, of 253 Third avenue, and Stella Bruns, of 104 West 7th street.

Who, they say, were induced by Elbogen to go to New Orleans on the representation that they would be given employment as actresses in a legitimate theatre.

Elbogen claims that when Miss Reckwick and her sister were taken to New Orleans they were taken to go on the stage in the concert saloons of Schoenbaum, Patti & Co., which was owned by the Reckwick family and Elbogen.

Elbogen is a Republican district boss, wanted the contract, which is worth about \$30,000 a year.

Briggs, who has been in his estimates by Briggs, to whom Collector Ehrhart awarded the contract.

Elbogen was taken to the Tombs and interrogated by the police. He was taken to the Tombs and interrogated by the police.

Elbogen was taken to the Tombs and interrogated by the police. He was taken to the Tombs and interrogated by the police.

Elbogen was taken to the Tombs and interrogated by the police. He was taken to the Tombs and interrogated by the police.

Elbogen was taken to the Tombs and interrogated by the police. He was taken to the Tombs and interrogated by the police.

Elbogen was taken to the Tombs and interrogated by the police. He was taken to the Tombs and interrogated by the police.

Elbogen was taken to the Tombs and interrogated by the police. He was taken to the Tombs and interrogated by the police.

FOREIGN NEWS OF THE DAY.

A British Steamship Stopped and Boarded by Oillians.

Gen. Mitre Expected to Settle the Trouble at Buenos Ayres.

Gen. Mitre Expected to Settle the Argentine Difficulties.

Gen. Mitre Expected to Settle the Argentine Difficulties.

Gen. Mitre Expected to Settle the Argentine Difficulties.

Gen. Mitre Expected to Settle the Argentine Difficulties.

Gen. Mitre Expected to Settle the Argentine Difficulties.

Gen. Mitre Expected to Settle the Argentine Difficulties.

Gen. Mitre Expected to Settle the Argentine Difficulties.

Gen. Mitre Expected to Settle the Argentine Difficulties.

Gen. Mitre Expected to Settle the Argentine Difficulties.

Gen. Mitre Expected to Settle the Argentine Difficulties.

Gen. Mitre Expected to Settle the Argentine Difficulties.

Gen. Mitre Expected to Settle the Argentine Difficulties.

Gen. Mitre Expected to Settle the Argentine Difficulties.

Gen. Mitre Expected to Settle the Argentine Difficulties.

Gen. Mitre Expected to Settle the Argentine Difficulties.

Gen. Mitre Expected to Settle the Argentine Difficulties.

Gen. Mitre Expected to Settle the Argentine Difficulties.

Gen. Mitre Expected to Settle the Argentine Difficulties.

Gen. Mitre Expected to Settle the Argentine Difficulties.

Gen. Mitre Expected to Settle the Argentine Difficulties.

Gen. Mitre Expected to Settle the Argentine Difficulties.

LOVE'S NEMESIS.

A Young Girl Faces Her Sweetheart and Shoots Him Down.

Four Shots in Revenge for Her Alleged Wrongs.

Says He Vowed Fidelity and Gave Her the Pistol as a Pledge.

People who were busy passing along Spring street near Crosby and others who stood around the doors of the tenements nearby saw a dramatic shooting affray this morning.

At about 8.30 o'clock a young Italian, well dressed and carrying a pistol, came walking better off than the ordinary laborer, came walking on the eastern sidewalk from downtown.

When opposite No. 70 Spring street, a woman appeared about ten feet in front of him, so suddenly that it was not known whether she had sprung upon him from a neighboring tenement hallway or had been following him.

She was very young, little more than a girl in appearance, and was good looking.

She swept across his path like a woman nervous by fierce passion. Her eyes fairly blazed upon him.

Somebody passed, but with meaning, but not clearly heard by any one.

The man struck back and tried to escape. For a moment he turned his back as if to fly.

At that moment, however, the young woman drew a revolver and fired.

Again, again, and a fourth time, without lowering her weapon, she pulled the trigger.

The man fell to the sidewalk wounded and gasping.

The crowd pressed around and some one knocked the weapon from the woman's hand.

Others seized him and held him till a police man came.

She struggled until, exhausted, shrieking out imprecations upon the victim of her wrath.

An ambulance from St. Vincent's hospital took the wounded man to that institution.

The surgeon said two of the bullets had entered his body. One had lodged near the heart.

The woman's remaining shots had done little of the mark, and were found fastened upon the sidewalk.

At the Mulberry street station-house the women calmed down and coolly admitted that she was glad she had missed her aim.

She said she was Paquinette Robertson, by trade a tailor, and that her home was in North street.

"The man whom I shot," she said, "is Nicolo Piero."

"He lives in Sullivan street, near Houston street. The number is 143, I think."

MARCH COMES IN LIKE A LION.

It was the Coldest Morning Since the Blizzard.

The lion-like manner with which the month of March begins its career should insure very lamb-like behavior on the part of the weather in the near future.

It was cold this morning than at any time since the blizzard of diabolical memory. At 6 o'clock this morning the mercury at Hudson City was only strong enough to rise to the ten degree in F., and at 7 o'clock, under the indications of the Equitable weather tower, could record only nine points truly cold.

That beat the record for the season for cold, the next coldest years being Dec. 19 and Feb. 5, when we had 13 degrees below zero.

Three years ago, on the awful 18th of March, when Manhattan Island was buried under mountains of snow, and the north wind blew a terrific blast, the mercury dropped to two degrees below zero, and no day between then and now has been so cold as March 16, 1888.

The mercury was one degree below zero, and Feb. 10 of that historically severe winter we had 5 degrees weather.

The coldest days of 1889 were Feb. 7 and Dec. 14, when the Government thermometer registered 15 and 17 degrees respectively.

But the Bureau's records for the winter of 1890 and 1891 showed that at 3 A. M. in 1890 there was 23 degrees, while to-day at that hour there was but 15 degrees.

At 10 o'clock the mercury was 10 degrees and 12 degrees respectively.

There are colder spots in New York than the weather tower at Hudson City. The up-town weather station, which divides its time with the downtown "L" ticket office at Seventy-second street and weather prophet business, was enthusiastic at 5 o'clock this morning over three degrees of mercury in his thermometer.

When gently chilled for the morning today, the Bureau's thermometer at the Equitable weather station reported that he had been chilled to his bed by the cold of the winter months and that, as a consequence of the weather, he was entitled to a little winter home.

Then he assured the readers of THE EVENING WORLD that he should be satisfied with a little and that he should be rapidly warmed up so that by to-morrow the mercury would be above the freezing point.

Indeed, the mercury had risen to 12 degrees at 8 o'clock and at 10 o'clock, and the Equitable weather station reported that there were some places a good deal worse off.

At Hudson City, where the thermometer was at 10 o'clock, it was 12 degrees below zero, and at 11 o'clock it was 10 degrees below zero.

The extreme cold is checked the rapidly rising waters of the Ohio, Tennessee and Mississippi rivers and tributaries.

The cold wave is central over North New England and is passing off to the eastward. At Hudson City it is 12 degrees below zero, and at 11 o'clock it was 10 degrees below zero.

There is a high wind all along the middle Atlantic and New England coast. At Hudson City it is 12 degrees below zero, and at 11 o'clock it was 10 degrees below zero.

There is a high wind all along the middle Atlantic and New England coast. At Hudson City it is 12 degrees below zero, and at 11 o'clock it was 10 degrees below zero.

There is a high wind all along the middle Atlantic and New England coast. At Hudson City it is 12 degrees below zero, and at 11 o'clock it was 10 degrees below zero.

There is a high wind all along the middle Atlantic and New England coast. At Hudson City it is 12 degrees below zero, and at 11 o'clock it was 10 degrees below zero.

There is a high wind all along the middle Atlantic and New England coast. At Hudson City it is 12 degrees below zero, and at 11 o'clock it was 10 degrees below zero.

There is a high wind all along the middle Atlantic and New England coast. At Hudson City it is 12 degrees below zero, and at 11 o'clock it was 10 degrees below zero.

There is a high wind all along the middle Atlantic and New England coast. At Hudson City it is 12 degrees below zero, and at 11 o'clock it was 10 degrees below zero.

LAST EDITION.

ZIEGLER WINS THE BATTLE.

Purchase of the Long Island Water Company Permanently Enjoined.

Decision of the Supreme Court General Term Filed This Morning.

Citizen William Ziegler, who brought suit against the Mayor, Auditor and Comptroller of Brooklyn to restrain them from purchasing the plant and franchise of the Long Island Water Supply Company for about \$1,000,000 more than their alleged worth, has been victorious at every point of the proceedings.

The case was on the supreme Court calendar this morning for trial. When it was called, Justice Cullen announced that the General Term had filed a decision this morning on the appeal from Justice Bartlett's order making the injunction permanent, upholding Judge Bartlett's decision.

The court room was crowded to the doors. William J. Gaynor, representing Ziegler, and he was ready for trial. The Corporation Counsel, who had been called to the bar by the court, presented by the district court, was ready; but as the General Term had handed down a decision, he suggested that the case go over until Wednesday. This was agreed to.

The General Term decision is applied by the Mayor, Auditor and Comptroller of Brooklyn to restrain them from purchasing the plant and franchise of the Long Island Water Supply Company for about \$1,000,000 more than their alleged worth, has been victorious at every point of the proceedings.

The case was on the supreme Court calendar this morning for trial. When it was called, Justice Cullen announced that the General Term had filed a decision this morning on the appeal from Justice Bartlett's order making the injunction permanent, upholding Judge Bartlett's decision.

The court room was crowded to the doors. William J. Gaynor, representing Ziegler, and he was ready for trial. The Corporation Counsel, who had been called to the bar by the court, presented by the district court, was ready; but as the General Term had handed down a decision, he suggested that the case go over until Wednesday. This was agreed to.

The General Term decision is applied by the Mayor, Auditor and Comptroller of Brooklyn to restrain them from purchasing the plant and franchise of the Long Island Water Supply Company for about \$1,000,000 more than their alleged worth, has been victorious at every point of the proceedings.

The case was on the supreme Court calendar this morning for trial. When it was called, Justice Cullen announced that the General Term had filed a decision this morning on the appeal from Justice Bartlett's order making the injunction permanent, upholding Judge Bartlett's decision.

The court room was crowded to the doors. William J. Gaynor, representing Ziegler, and he was ready for trial. The Corporation Counsel, who had been called to the bar by the court, presented by the district court, was ready; but as the General Term had handed down a decision, he suggested that the case go over until Wednesday. This was agreed to.

The General Term decision is applied by the Mayor, Auditor and Comptroller of Brooklyn to restrain them from purchasing the plant and franchise of the Long Island Water Supply Company for about \$1,000,000 more than their alleged worth, has been victorious at every point of the proceedings.

The case was on the supreme Court calendar this morning for trial. When it was called, Justice Cullen announced that the General Term had filed a decision this morning on the appeal from Justice Bartlett's order making the injunction permanent, upholding Judge Bartlett's decision.

The court room was crowded to the doors. William J. Gaynor, representing Ziegler, and he was ready for trial. The Corporation Counsel, who had been called to the bar by the court, presented by the district court, was ready; but as the General Term had handed down a decision, he suggested that the case go over until Wednesday. This was agreed to.

The General Term decision is applied by the Mayor, Auditor and Comptroller of Brooklyn to restrain them from purchasing the plant and franchise of the Long Island Water Supply Company for about \$1,000,000 more than their alleged worth, has been victorious at every point of the proceedings.

The case was on the supreme Court calendar this morning for trial. When it was called, Justice Cullen announced that the General Term had filed a decision this morning on the appeal from Justice Bartlett's order making the injunction permanent, upholding Judge Bartlett's decision.

The court room was crowded to the doors. William J. Gaynor, representing Ziegler, and he was ready for trial. The Corporation Counsel, who had been called to the bar by the court, presented by the district court, was ready; but as the General Term had handed down a decision, he suggested that the case go over until Wednesday. This was agreed to.

The General Term decision is applied by the Mayor, Auditor and Comptroller of Brooklyn to restrain them from purchasing the plant and franchise of the Long Island Water Supply Company for about \$1,000,000 more than their alleged worth, has been victorious at every point of the proceedings.

The case was on the supreme Court calendar this morning for trial. When it was called, Justice Cullen announced that the General Term had filed a decision this morning on the appeal from Justice Bartlett's order making the injunction permanent, upholding Judge Bartlett's decision.

The court room was crowded to the doors. William J. Gaynor, representing Ziegler, and he was ready for trial. The Corporation Counsel, who had been called to the bar by the court, presented by the district court, was ready; but as the General Term had handed down a decision, he suggested that the case go over until Wednesday. This was agreed to.

The General Term decision is applied by the Mayor, Auditor and Comptroller of Brooklyn to restrain them from purchasing the plant and franchise of the Long Island Water Supply Company for about \$1,000,000 more than their alleged worth, has been victorious at every point of the proceedings.

The case was on the supreme Court calendar this morning for trial. When it was called, Justice Cullen announced that the General Term had filed a decision this morning on the appeal from Justice Bartlett's order making the injunction permanent, upholding Judge Bartlett's decision.